EXHIBIT A

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

IN RE GOOGLE DIGITAL ADVERTISING ANTITRUST LITIG.

Civil Action No. 1:21 -md-03010-PKC

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS SHERMAN DIVISION

The State of Texas, et al.,

Plaintiffs,

Defendants.

v.

Google LLC, et al.

Case No. 4:20-cv-00957-SDJ

Hon. Sean D. Jordan

[PROPOSED] ORDER REGARDING COORDINATION OF DISCOVERY

- 1. Definitions. For purposes of this Order, the following definitions will apply:
- a. "Confidential Information" means material that qualifies as "Confidential Information" as that term is defined in paragraph 1(b) of the Texas Confidentiality Order or paragraph 1(b) of the MDL Protective Order.
- b. "Coordinated Case" means the States' Case or the MDL. "Coordinated Cases" means the States' Case and the MDL.
- c. "Coordinated Discovery Period" means the time period after the Deadline for Substantial Completion of Document Production in the Virginia Case and before the Expert Discovery Cutoff in the States' Case or in the MDL, whichever is later.

- d. "Counsel" means MDL Plaintiffs' Counsel and State Plaintiffs' Counsel, provided that "Counsel" shall not include Counsel for any Party that ceases to be part of or a Coordinated Case (unless and until a further order directs otherwise).
- e. "Cross Notice" means to send a notice of intent to take a deposition of a Party under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 30(b)(1) or 30(b)(6) or to serve a subpoena for a Non-Party Deposition under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45(a)(1), after another Party has Noticed a deposition of the same witness.
- f. "Deadline for Substantial Completion of Document Production in the Virginia Case" means the date ordered by the Court for the substantial completion of document production in the Virginia Case.
- g. "Deposition Limit" means (i) for Parties in the States' Case, the fact-deposition limit in the States' Case referenced in the Scheduling Order (Dkt. 194 at 6-7), and any changes to that limit that may be made after entry of this Order; (ii) for Parties in the MDL, the fact-deposition limit in the MDL referenced in paragraph 6.5 of Pre-Trial Order Number 5 in the MDL (Dkt. 394), and any changes to that limit that may be made after entry of this Order.
- h. "Deposition Notice" means a notice of intent to take a deposition of a Party under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 30(b)(1) or 30(b)(6) or a subpoena for a Non-Party Deposition under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45(a)(1).
- i. "District Courts" means the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of
 Texas and the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York.
- j. "Expert Discovery" means expert reports in a Coordinated Case, backup materials and other information disclosed in connection with expert reports in a

Coordinated Case, and expert testimony (including expert deposition testimony) in a Coordinated Case.

- k. "Expert Discovery Cutoff" means the date ordered by the Court for the respective Coordinated Case for the conclusion of Expert Discovery in that case, including any extension thereof.
- 1. "Fact Discovery Cutoff" means the date ordered by the Court for the respective Coordinated Case for the conclusion of fact discovery in that case, including any extension thereof.
- m. "Google" means Google LLC, Alphabet Inc., and YouTube, LLC, as well as its parents, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents (including counsel), and representatives of the foregoing.
- n. "Google Deposition" means any fact deposition of a current or former employee of Google or of Google's corporate designee under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 30(b)(6).
- o. "Highly Confidential Information" means material that qualifies as "Highly Confidential Information" as that term is defined in paragraph 1(h) of the Texas Confidentiality Order or paragraph 1(h) of the MDL Confidentiality Order .
- p. "MDL" means the multidistrict litigation captioned as *In re Google*Digital Advertising Antitrust Litigation that is currently pending in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York under docket number 21-md-03010-PKC, and all of the cases that are currently part of that multidistrict litigation or that become part of

that multidistrict litigation after entry of this Order, but only for such time as a case is part of the multidistrict litigation (unless and until a further order directs otherwise).

- q. "MDL Confidentiality Order" means the Confidentiality Order entered as docket entry 297 in the MDL, or any superseding Confidentiality Order entered in the MDL.
- r. "MDL Plaintiff' means a plaintiff in any case made part of the MDL, but only for such time as that plaintiffs case is part of the MDL (unless and until a further order directs otherwise).
- s. "MDL Plaintiffs' Counsel" means any attorney retained to represent or advise an MDL Plaintiff, as well as any paralegals, administrative assistants, and clerical and administrative personnel supervised by that attorney, but only for such time as that MDL Plaintiff's case is part of the MDL (unless and until a further order directs otherwise).
- t. "Meta" means Meta Platforms, Inc. as well as its parents, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and all directors, officers, employees, agents (including counsel), and representatives of the foregoing.
- u. "NBA Stay" means the stay of discovery relating to the Network Bidding

 Agreement that was entered in paragraph 3 of Pre-Trial Order No. 5 in the MDL

 (Dkt. 394).1
- v. "Non-Noticing Party" means, with respect to a particular deposition, any Party other than the Noticing Party.

¹ The "NBA Stay," or the stay of discovery regarding the Network Bidding Agreement that was entered in paragraph 3 of Pre-Trial Order No. 5 in the MDL (Dkt. 394), applies only to Plaintiffs in the MDL and does not apply to State Plaintiffs or State Plaintiffs' Counsel in this case.

- w. "Non-Party Deposition" means a fact deposition of an individual who is not a Party or a current or former employee of a Party; a fact deposition of a current or former employee of an entity that is not a Party; and/or a deposition of a corporate designee under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 30(b)(6) of an entity that is not a Party.
- x. "Notice" means to send a notice of intent to take a deposition of a Party under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 30(b)(1) or 30(b)(6) or to serve a subpoena for a Non-Party Deposition under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45(a)(1).
- y. "Noticing Party" means, with respect to a particular deposition, the Party that sends a Deposition Notice for that deposition.
- z. "Party" means any individual or entity that asserts a claim, or against which a claim has been asserted, in the States' Case or the MDL, including the State Plaintiffs, the MDL Plaintiffs, Meta, and Google, provided that Meta shall not be considered a "Party" while the NBA Stay is in effect or until sixty (60) days after the NBA stay is lifted. For the avoidance of doubt, unless and until a further order directs otherwise, an individual or entity ceases to be a "Party" if all of the claims that it asserts or that have been asserted against it in the States' Case or the MDL have been dismissed or otherwise adjudicated by a District Court or transferred to a court other than one of the District Courts.
- aa. A "Party Deposition" means any fact deposition of a current or former employee of a Party or a Party's corporate designee under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 30(b)(6).
- bb. "Protective Orders" means the Texas Confidentiality Order and the MDL Confidentiality Order.

- cc. "Shared Discovery" means all documents and data produced to a Party from another Party or third party during discovery in a Coordinated Case, including Expert Discovery and discovery correspondence; and all other correspondence relating to Expert Discovery and fact discovery, including interrogatories and a Party's responses and objections thereto.
- dd. "State Plaintiffs" means the States of Texas, Alaska, Arkansas, Idaho, Indiana, Kentucky, Florida, Louisiana, Mississippi, Montana, Missouri, Nevada, North Dakota, South Dakota, South Carolina, Utah, Puerto Rico, and any other state that joins the States' Case, by and through their respective Attorneys General, but only for such time as that state remains a Party in the States' Case (unless and until a further order directs otherwise).
- ee. "State Plaintiffs' Counsel" means any attorney retained to represent or advise a State Plaintiff in the States' Case, as well as any paralegals, administrative assistants, and clerical and administrative personnel supervised by that attorney, but only for such time as that State Plaintiff's case is part of the States' Case (unless and until a further order directs otherwise).
- ff. "Transcript" means any recording of testimony, including recordings by stenographic means and by video.
- gg. "Texas Confidentiality Order" means the Confidentiality Order entered as docket entry 182 in the States' Case, or any superseding Confidentiality Order entered in the States' Case.

- hh. "Virginia Case" means the case captioned as *United States, et al. v. Google, LLC* that is pending in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia under docket number 1:23-cv-00108-LMB-JFA.
- ii. "Virginia Plaintiffs" means the United States (including the "Federal Agency Advertisers" as defined in ¶ 6(A) of the Joint Discovery Plan in the Virginia Case, Dkt. 87), and the States of Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Illinois, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Rhode Island, Tennessee, Washington, and West Virginia and the Commonwealth of Virginia, and any other state that joins the Virginia Case, by and through their respective Attorneys General.
- jj. "Virginia Plaintiffs' Counsel" means "Plaintiffs' Counsel" as that term is defined in ¶ 1(p) of the Virginia Protective Order.
- kk. "Virginia Protective Order" means the Modified Protective Order entered as docket entry 203 in the Virginia Case, or any superseding Protective Order entered in the Virginia Case.
- 2. <u>Shared Discovery.</u> Notwithstanding the Protective Orders, Counsel must disclose Shared Discovery to all other Counsel no later than five (5) business days after disclosing Shared Discovery to any Counsel, provided that Shared Discovery may not be disclosed to either (i) any Counsel representing an MDL Plaintiff as to which discovery has been stayed or has not begun; or (ii) Counsel representing Meta while the NBA Stay is in effect.²

² Shared Discovery produced by Meta as a Non-Party in the Virginia Case shall not be made available to MDL Plaintiffs until seven (7) days after the NBA Stay is lifted.

- a. Shared Discovery that was produced and designated as Confidential Information in the MDL may be used in the States' Case only to the extent that Confidential Information may be used under the Texas Confidentiality Order.
- b. Shared Discovery that was produced and designated as Highly

 Confidential Information in the MDL may be used in the States' Case only to the extent
 that Highly Confidential Information may be used under the Texas Confidentiality Order.
- c. Shared Discovery that was produced and designated as Confidential in the States' Case may be used in the MDL only to the extent that Confidential Information may be used under the MDL Confidentiality Order.
- d. Shared Discovery that was produced and designated as Highly

 Confidential in the States' Case may be used in the MDL only to the extent that Highly

 Confidential Information may be used under the MDL Confidentiality Order.
- e. Subject to sub-paragraphs 2(a)-(d), Shared Discovery that was produced in a Coordinated Case may be used in any Coordinated Case for any purpose permissible under the Federal Rules of Evidence and the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure (including for purposes of impeachment at trial), as if the Shared Discovery had been produced in all Coordinated Cases. Notwithstanding the previous sentence, Shared Discovery produced in the MDL after the Fact or Expert Discovery Cutoffs in the States' Case, as relevant, may not be used by any Party in the States' Case, unless (1) the Shared Discovery is produced in the States Case within 14 days of its receipt in the MDL, notwithstanding the close of fact or expert discovery in the States' Case; and (2) the Shared Discovery is used in the States' Case only for impeachment purposes at trial and may not be admitted into evidence or used in any dispositive motion, pleading, or expert report.

- f. Google shall notify Virginia Plaintiffs at least twenty-four (24) hours in advance of serving an expert report in the States' Case or the MDL if Google serves such report before the due date in the States' Case or MDL.
- 3. <u>Fact Depositions Taken During Coordinated Discovery Period</u>. During the Coordinated Discovery Period, the following provisions shall apply to depositions of fact witnesses:
 - a. The Parties in the Coordinated Cases shall serve any Deposition Notice on all Parties in the Coordinated Cases and on the Virginia Plaintiffs.³ No Party may Notice a deposition in a Coordinated Case in which it is not a plaintiff or a defendant. If a deposition has been Noticed in one of the Coordinated Cases, a Party in the other Coordinated Case may Cross Notice the deposition in the other Coordinated Case, or, as permitted by paragraphs 4 and 5, examine the witness without a Cross Notice, provided that the Fact Discovery Cutoff in that Party's Coordinated Case has not expired.
 - b. Notwithstanding the Protective Orders, the Virginia Plaintiffs and a Party in any Coordinated Case may attend a deposition regardless whether the Fact Discovery Cutoff in that Party's Coordinated Case has expired.
 - c. No Party shall send a Deposition Notice for a deposition to be held fewer than fourteen (14) days after the date on which the Deposition Notice is sent.
 - d. If a Non-Noticing Party wishes to Cross Notice a deposition, it must do so within seven (7) business days of receiving the Deposition Notice for that deposition. A

³ For purposes of paragraphs 3, 4, and 5: (i) State Plaintiffs collectively will be considered a "Noticing Party" or a "Non-Noticing Party," and the State of Texas shall act on behalf of all State Plaintiffs. (ii) MDL Plaintiffs collectively will be considered a "Noticing Party" or a "Non-Noticing Party," and the Discovery Steering Committee in the MDL shall act on behalf of all MDL Plaintiffs.

Non-Noticing Party may not Cross Notice a deposition if doing so would cause that Non-Noticing Party to exceed a Deposition Limit.

- e. If a Non-Noticing Party Cross Notices the deposition within seven (7) business days of receiving the Deposition Notice, the deposition will count against any Deposition Limit applicable to that Non-Noticing Party (unless the deposition does not take place). The deposition will also count against any Deposition Limit applicable to the Noticing Party (unless the deposition does not take place). For the avoidance of doubt, if a Party withdraws a previously-served Notice or Cross Notice at least forty-eight (48) hours before the deposition takes place, then that deposition will not count against any Deposition Limit applicable to that Party. Additionally, when a Non-Noticing Party examines a witness without a Cross Notice, pursuant to paragraphs 4 and 5, that examination will not count against any Deposition Limit applicable to that Party.
- f. MDL Plaintiffs and State Plaintiffs cannot compel a witness appearing at a Google Deposition or a Party Deposition taken during the Coordinated Discovery Period, including a deposition that occurred in the Virginia Case, to sit for a second deposition in any Coordinated Case (including a second Rule 30(b)(6) deposition of the same entity on the same or substantially similar topics), absent good cause shown to the Court in the Coordinated Case for which the subsequent deposition of the witness is noticed.
- g. Google cannot compel by Notice or Cross Notice a witness appearing at a Party Deposition or Non-Party Deposition taken during the Coordinated Discovery Period, including a deposition that occurred in the Virginia Case, to sit for a second deposition in any Coordinated Case (including a second Rule 30(b)(6) deposition of the same entity on the same or substantially similar topics), absent good cause shown to the

Court in the Coordinated Case for which the subsequent deposition of the witness is noticed.

- h. Notwithstanding the Protective Orders, Counsel may disclose Transcripts and exhibits from depositions taken during the Coordinated Discovery Period to any other Counsel and Virginia Plaintiffs' Counsel, provided that such Transcripts and exhibits may not be disclosed to either (i) any Counsel representing an MDL Plaintiff as to which discovery has been stayed or has not begun; or (ii) Counsel representing Meta while the NBA Stay is in effect. Subject to the Protective Orders, Transcripts and exhibits from depositions taken in a Coordinated Case during the Coordinated Discovery Period may be used in any Coordinated Case for any purpose permissible under the Federal Rules of Evidence and the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure (including for purposes of impeachment at trial).
- i. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Order, while the NBA Stay is in effect, (i) Meta may not Notice or Cross Notice a deposition, and Meta may not question a witness at a Google Deposition, a Party Deposition, or a Non-Party Deposition (except at a Non-Party Deposition of a current or former Meta employee); (ii) MDL Plaintiffs may not Cross Notice a deposition of a current or former Meta employee; and (iii) no Transcripts and exhibits from depositions of current and/or former Meta employees may be disclosed to or used by MDL Plaintiffs.
- 4. <u>Time Allocations at Google Depositions Taken During Coordinated Discovery</u>

 <u>Period.</u> During the Coordinated Discovery Period, the following provisions shall apply:
 - a. If any Party Notices a Google Deposition, and no other Party Cross

 Notices the deposition, then the Noticing Party will have six (6) hours on the record to

examine the witness, and any Non-Noticing Party or Parties in any Coordinated Case, excluding Google, will collectively have one (1) hour on the record to examine the witness. If no Non-Noticing Party requests to examine the witness, the Noticing Party will have seven (7) hours on the record to examine the witness.

- b. If State Plaintiffs and MDL Plaintiffs both Notice or Cross Notice a Google Deposition, and no other Party Notices or Cross Notices the deposition, then the deposition will be held for two (2) consecutive days. State Plaintiffs will have seven (7) hours on the record to examine the witness, MDL Plaintiffs will have six (6) hours on the record to examine the witness, and Meta will have one (1) hour on the record to examine the witness, if Meta is deemed a Party (under paragraph 1(z)) at the time of the deposition. Otherwise, MDL Plaintiffs will have seven (7) hours on the record to examine the witness.
- c. If State Plaintiffs and Meta both Notice or Cross Notice a Google

 Deposition, and no other Party Cross Notices the deposition, then the deposition will be held for two (2) consecutive days. State Plaintiffs will have seven (7) hours on the record to examine the witness, Meta will have six (6) hours on the record to examine the witness, and MDL Plaintiffs will have one (1) hour on the record to examine the witness.
- d. If MDL Plaintiffs and Meta both Notice or Cross Notice a Google

 Deposition, and no other Party Cross Notices the deposition, then the deposition will be held for two (2) consecutive days. MDL Plaintiffs will have seven (7) hours on the record to examine the witness, Meta will have six (6) hours on the record to examine the witness, and State Plaintiffs will have one (1) hour on the record to examine the witness.

- e. If State Plaintiffs, MDL Plaintiffs, and Meta all Notice or Cross Notice a Google Deposition, then the deposition will be held for two (2) consecutive days. State Plaintiffs will have seven (7) hours on the record to examine the witness, and MDL Plaintiffs and Meta will collectively have seven (7) hours on the record to examine the witness.
- 5. <u>Time Allocations at Non-Party Depositions Taken During Coordinated Discovery</u>

 <u>Period.</u> During the Coordinated Discovery Period, the following provisions shall apply:
 - a. If a Party Notices a Non-Party Deposition, and no other Party Cross Notices the deposition, then the Noticing Party will have six (6) hours on the record to examine the witness, and any Non-Noticing Party or Parties in any Coordinated Case, excluding Google, will collectively have one (1) hour on the record to examine the witness. If no Non-Noticing Party requests to examine the witness, the Noticing Party will have seven (7) hours on the record to examine the witness.
 - b. If two Parties (one of which is Google) Notice or Cross Notice a Non-Party Deposition, and no other Party Cross Notices the deposition, then Google will have three (3) hours on the record to examine the witness, the other Party that Noticed or Cross Noticed the deposition will have three (3) hours on the record to examine the witness, and any Non-Noticing Party or Parties in any Coordinated Case will collectively have one (1) hour on the record to examine the witness. If no Non-Noticing Party requests to examine the witness, the Noticing Party will have three and one-half (3.5) hours on the record to examine the witness, and Google will have three and one-half (3.5) hours on the record to examine the witness.

- c. If State Plaintiffs and MDL Plaintiffs Notice or Cross Notice a Non-Party Deposition, and no other Party Cross Notices the deposition, then each of the Parties that Noticed or Cross Noticed the deposition will have three (3) hours on the record to examine the witness, and Google will have one (1) hour on the record to examine the witness.
- d. If State Plaintiffs, MDL Plaintiffs, and Google Notice or Cross Notice a Non-Party Deposition, and no other Party Cross Notices the deposition, then the deposition will be held for two (2) consecutive days. Each of the Parties that Noticed or Cross Noticed the deposition will have four (4) hours on the record to examine the witness.
- e. If three Parties (none of which is Google) Notice or Cross Notice a Non-Party Deposition, and Google does not Cross Notice the deposition, then the deposition will be held for two (2) consecutive days. Each of the Parties that Noticed or Cross Noticed the deposition will have four (4) hours on the record to examine the witness, and Google will have one (1) hour on the record to examine the witness.
- f. If Google, Meta, State Plaintiffs, and MDL Plaintiffs all Notice or Cross Notice a Non-Party Deposition, then the deposition will be held for two (2) consecutive days. Google will have three (3) hours on the record to examine the witness, Meta will have three (3) hours on the record to examine the witness, State Plaintiffs will have three (3) hours on the record to examine the witness, and MDL Plaintiffs will have three (3) hours on the record to examine the witness.

- 6. <u>Fact Depositions Taken Outside a Fact Discovery Cutoff in any Coordinated</u>

 <u>Case.</u> The following provisions shall apply to fact depositions taken outside a Fact Discovery

 Cutoff in any Coordinated Case:
 - a. The Parties in the States' Case and the MDL shall serve any Deposition Notice on each other and the Virginia Plaintiffs.
 - b. Notwithstanding the Protective Orders, Counsel for any Party and Virginia Plaintiffs' Counsel may obtain Transcripts and exhibits of Google Depositions, Party Depositions, and Non-Party Depositions taken in the States' Case or the MDL after the Fact Discovery Cutoff in the Virginia Case, the Fact Discovery Cutoff in the MDL, or the Fact Discovery Cutoff in the States' Case, directly from the court reporters for those depositions.
 - c. Notwithstanding the Protective Orders, Counsel may disclose Transcripts and exhibits from depositions taken outside a Fact Discovery Cutoff in a Coordinated Case to any other Counsel and Virginia Plaintiffs' Counsel, provided that such Transcripts and exhibits may not be disclosed to either (i) any Counsel representing an MDL Plaintiff as to which discovery has been stayed or has not begun; or (ii) Counsel representing Meta while the NBA Stay is in effect.
 - d. Subject to the Protective Orders, absent an order of the Court in the States' Case, Transcripts and exhibits from depositions taken outside the Fact Discovery Cutoff in the States' Case may not be used in the States' Case for any purpose other than impeachment at trial. For the avoidance of doubt, absent an order of the Court in the States' Case, such Transcripts and exhibits may not be admitted into evidence at trial in

the States' Case or otherwise used affirmatively by any Party in any dispositive motion, pleading, or expert report in the States' Case.

- 7. <u>Notice to Non-Parties</u>. Any Party, in conducting discovery from a non-party in connection with a Coordinated Case, shall provide the non-party from which it seeks discovery with a copy of this Order so as to inform the non-party of his, her, or its rights herein. In addition, within three business days of this Order taking effect, the Parties shall give notice as described in the following sub-paragraphs:
 - a. The State Plaintiffs shall give notice of this Order to (i) all persons to whom the State Plaintiffs provided notice of the Confidentiality Order under paragraph 2 of that order; and (ii) all recipients of subpoenas, if any, that the State Plaintiffs have served in the States' Case before this Order took effect.
 - b. MDL Plaintiffs shall give notice of this Order to (i) all persons to whom MDL Plaintiffs provided notice of the MDL Confidentiality Order under paragraph 2 of that order; and (ii) all recipients of subpoenas that MDL Plaintiffs have served in the MDL before this Order took effect.
 - c. Google shall give notice of this Order to all recipients of subpoenas that Google has served in the States' Case, the Virginia Case, and/or the MDL before this Order took effect.
- 8. <u>Departure from MDL</u>. If any case(s) currently part of the MDL are transferred to other venue(s), the Parties in the Coordinated Cases shall meet and confer with the parties to the transferred case(s) regarding whether, and on what conditions, the transferred case(s) should be coordinated with the MDL and the States' Case. If all claims brought by an MDL Plaintiff are dismissed, transferred, or remanded, then that MDL Plaintiff shall be treated as a Non-Party for

purposes of this Order after such dismissal, transfer, or remand. If all claims brought against Meta in the MDL are dismissed, then Meta shall be treated as a Non-Party for purposes of this Order after such dismissal.

9.	Effective Date. This Ore	der shall come in	to effect in the States' Case a	is of the
date signed by the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Texas.				
IT IS HER	EBY SO ORDERED this	day of	, 2024.	